

Building Religious Education Knowledge: Islam

	EYFS	Y4	Y5	KS3
<p>Beliefs (Religion, Faith and Teachings)</p> <p>Belief - Allah Iman – Faith</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Islamic people believe in only one God called Allah and Muhammad is a prophet. ✓ Allah sent many Prophets to teach people about Allah (Glory be to Him). ✓ The first Prophet sent by Allah was Adam (peace be upon him). ✓ The last Prophet sent by Allah was Prophet Muhammad (peace and blessings be upon him). ✓ The Story of Creation ✓ Allah created the world and the heavens. ✓ Allah created all the creatures. From the ones that walk, to the ones that swim, crawl and fly. ✓ Allah also created angels, stars, the sun and the moon. ✓ Allah poured down the rain. He created flowers, trees and plants that gave his creation fruits and vegetables. ✓ Allah ordered the angels to go to Earth and to bring seven handfuls of soil, all of different colours. Allah used this soil to create a man. ✓ Teachings: Phophet Sulaiman and the talking ants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Know that Islam means “Submission (to the will of Allah)” and the word Muslims means someone who has willingly submitted themselves to Allah. ✓ Identify the two main beliefs of Islam as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the belief in only one God, and • the belief that Muhammad is the Messenger of God ✓ Know that Muslims believe that Muhammad had many revelations over 22 years. ✓ Understand that Islam teaches that Muhammad told many others what the revelations were. ✓ They wrote down the Words that had been revealed to Muhammad. What they wrote formed a book – the holy Qur’an. ✓ Know that Muslims believe that the angel Gabriel was ‘sent down’ with God’s holy book – the Mother of the Book. This was the book that was shown to Muhammad. So the Qur’an is a copy of God’s holy book. ✓ Understand that the Qur’an is treated with great respect by Muslims, including that it is often kept in a stand, kept above all other books, is sometimes wrapped in a 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Understand that the Qur’an is the original and most basic source of God’s Law, but Hadith provide Muslims with the practical interpretations of how to apply the Qur’an to everyday life. ✓ Muslims believe Muhammad received instructions from Gabriel and so these are as valid as those in the Qur’an. ✓ Know the story of Bilal and understand why this story is important to Muslims: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bilal is a black African slave; refuses to obey his master to attack one of Muhammad’s followers who claimed that all people are equal; while imprisoned, waiting to be punished, he became a Muslim; close to death he was sold to Abu Bakr one of Muhammad’s closest companions; Bilal was freed; Bilal became the first Muezzin (gave the first call to prayer at the first mosque in Medina and then at the Ka’aba). • Meaning: this story emphasises that people should be judged not by their position in society or 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Islam (Submission to the will of Allah) Know the details of the Night Journey: Muhammad’s enemies were making life very hard; Muhammad is taken to Jerusalem on a Buraq; Muhammad is taken to heaven and meets earlier prophets; Muhammad sees throne of Allah: he is overcome by peace; he is told after this experience he becomes a fearless leader. ✓ Know the details of the Hijrah: ✓ In 620 CE he was invited to lead Yathrib (Medina); he stayed in the city while his followers left; after they had all left and were safe, he was able to leave; a plot to kill him which was thwarted by Allah; this migration is known as the Hijrah ✓ In 622 CE the city changed its name to Medinat ul-Nabi (City of the Prophet) ✓ Understand that the Hijrah is important as it marks the time when Muslims could at last follow their faith in safety: This is the beginning of the Muslim society- Muslims were in a place where the sharia first became the foundation for the city. This is the beginning of the Ummah (used initially to describe Muslims in

	<p>✓ We learn from the story of our Prophet Sulaiman (PBUH), about kindness to animals and its importance in Islam. Our religion urges us to be kind to animals as well as humans.</p>	<p>✓ cloth, a Muslim will wash their hands before touching the book.</p> <p>✓ Know that God's message is known as the 'Straight Path' or the Shariah</p>	<p>race, but on their commitment to obey Allah's commands.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • That Allah alone is worthy of worship. Bilal exemplified his dedication to Allah, even risking his own life. He is a role model to Muslims <p>✓ Know the Muslim belief that Muhammad is the final Prophet.</p> <p>✓ Know the names of Prophets that lived before Muhammad who are named in the Qur'an, including: Adam, Abraham, Moses and Jesus. According to the Qur'an these prophets taught</p> <p>✓ essentially the same religion (din) (from Adam to Muhammad). know that all the Prophets before Muhammad were given the same message. Muslims do not criticise the prophets of other religions, because of this. Muslims show great respect to these by adding the phrase, 'peace be upon them'. They also show great respect to the sacred texts of other religions; such as gospels and Torah.</p> <p>✓ Know the Muslim belief that humans have a tendency to forget, ignore or tamper with, God's clear message.</p> <p>✓ Understand that the Muslims believe the Qur'an is (a) the word of God not a human creation, (b) is the authentic version of the</p>	<p>Medinah and now worldwide community of Muslims).</p> <p>✓ It is where Muhammad and his early followers put the earlier teachings into practice.</p> <p>Belief – Iman (faith)</p> <p>✓ Understand the key features of the Qur'an and how it is used by Muslims: Literal word of Allah</p> <p>✓ Why Muslims have to read it in Arabic How it is shown respect</p> <p>✓ Within 20 years of His death Qur'an existed as one book</p> <p>✓ The book contains stories about great prophets including Ibrahim, Musa and Isa</p> <p>✓ Understand what Muslims believe about human beings: Nothing happens by chance or accident; Everyone is equal; Humans have freewill to choose to follow Allah's commands</p> <p>✓ Hubris prevents humans worshipping Allah</p> <p>✓ Humans will be judged on their actions in after life (akhirah)</p> <p>Understand that Tawhid is the basic Muslim belief about Allah: "oneness"- that nothing can rival Him as a source of power or love; He is transcendent, the creator and power behind the universe, who is outside of time; is immanent; Understand the implications of Tawhid: We only 'borrow' things which are His</p>
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<p>Practices (Worship, Commitment, Rites of Passage and Pilgrimage)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ A mosque is a place where many Muslims will worship. ✓ Inside a many mosques you will find a show rack- a place to leave your shoes before entering; a wash room – Muslims must wash before entering the main hall (Wuddhu); Prayer mats- either mosques supply prayer mats or they can take their own & a Qur'an – Muslim Holy Book which is the word of God. It is treated with great respect and is placed on a special stand to be read. ✓ Women and men worship separately. Women must cover your body as a sign of respect. ✓ The five pillars of Islam are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Shahadah- the belief that there is no God but 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Know that humans have the role of Khalifah, trustees of Allah's creation. All things belong to Allah. Muslims have always studied nature for signs and wonders of Allah ✓ Understand that the practices of Zakat (giving) and Sawm (fasting during Ramadan) illustrate the concept of Khalifah: ✓ Zakat (giving) is a duty (something you must do) not charity (something you might chose to do); it should be done anonymously, receiving no praise. ✓ Sawm (fasting during Ramadan) is an act of learning to appreciate all that God has provided. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Muslims are to pray 5 times a day; ✓ It is an obligation on all Muslims to perform Hijrah if they find themselves in a society which does not allow them to practice their faith. ✓ Know that Muslim must perform Hajj which involves journey to Makkah once in lifetime; that the pilgrimage reminds Muslims of many stories from the Qur'an, such as Adam; Ibrahim, Hajar and Isma'il and Muhammad. ✓ Know key events in Hajj: Everyone is equal shown by wearing Ihram ✓ Perform tawaf calling "At Your command Lord".

		<p>Allah and that Muhammad is his messenger.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Salah – Praying five times a day. • Zakat – making an annual charitable donation to help the poor. • Sawm – fasting during the month of Ramadan. • Hajj - attending the pilgrimage to Makkah once in your life time. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Understand that praying 5 times a day, which is prescribed in the Qur'an, is one way Muslims submit to the will of Allah. They do this by: ✓ Being constantly reminded of Allah throughout the day, reminds them for what is important in their life and helps them straying from the path ✓ The sujud position (prostration) reflects Muslim submission as a physical act. ✓ Salah can take place anywhere, as God created everything ✓ Hajj is the Arabic word for pilgrimage and it means to go on a journey - a very special journey to a very special and a holy place. ✓ Hajj is one of the five pillars of Islam. Every adult Muslim should make the journey once in their lifetime, if they can afford it and if they are healthy and well. ✓ 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Marwah and safa and zamzam: Allah will always provide what is needed. ✓ The Stand at Mt Arafat: most important part of Hajj: Muslims ask and receive forgiveness. ✓ MIna: stone devil reminds Muslims of rejecting temptations. ✓ Understand that Hajj can be seen as: act of submission, where Muslims experience Ummah (brotherhood and equality). ✓ Understand the term Ummah and how it finds expression in a Muslim's life (eg prayer; Arabic; Zakah; Hajj). ✓ Know that in Islam men and women are equal but have different roles Understand the different interpretations of the term jihad.
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Festivals (Belonging and Celebration)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Many Muslims choose to get married- The Muslim ceremony is called a Nikah. ✓ Most of the time, the bride and groom This is a large feast where the couple announce their marriage publicly. ✓ Muslim brides may wear a white wedding dress or a brightly coloured shalwar-qameez outfit in red and gold. ✓ Most Muslims will celebrate birthdays. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Eid Al-Fitr means ‘the feast of breaking the fast’. Eid Al-Fitr is a celebration that happens when Ramadan ends. ✓ During Eid Al-Fitr many Muslims will: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Take a shower ✓ Dress in new clothes ✓ Come together for Eid prayer ✓ Visit family and friends ✓ Exchange gifts and Eid greetings cards. ✓ Give to charity ✓ It lasts around three days. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Eid ul Adha ends the Hajj; all Muslims all over world join in festival: symbolizes submission of each individual Muslim, remembering the sacrifice Ibrahim was prepared to make.
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